

Materia: Lengua extranjera

Colegio:

Curso: 3º

Turno:

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Present
Simple

ACTIVIDADES:

Para conjugar los verbos en presente simple con los pronombre I, you, we, they los verbos no sufren ninguna modificación

Ejemplo I get up at 7:00. (yo me levanto a las 7:00)

Pero con las 3ª personas del singular se debe conjugar agregando s, es, ies al verbo

¡CUIDADO!

PRESENTE SIMPLE TERCERA PERSONA SINGULAR

he, she, it

CON ESTAS PERSONAS
GRAMATICALES

SE LES AGREGA LA TERMINACIÓN -S-

he want **s**

she need **s**

a) A continuación lee las referencias gramaticales y resuelve los ejercicios

Present Simple Tense Part 2

Affirmative sentences

Sentence construction

I		volleyball.
You	play	football.
We		basketball.
They		the piano.
He		the drums.
She	plays	
It		

Rules of forming the 3rd person singular

The verbs in the 3rd person singular get -s ending. There are some spelling rules you have to learn.

- 1) **V** changes into -i in the end of the verbs if there is a consonant before it.
e.g. try - tries
- 2) If the verb ends with -ss, -sh, -ch, -o or -x, it gets -es ending in 3rd person singular.
e.g. wishes, mixes, matches, watches, misses, goes, does

TASK 1 - Write the correct form of the verbs in the brackets on the lines.

E.g. They _____ to school. (to go) → go

- 1) I usually _____ a bike in spring. (to ride)
- 2) You _____ dinner at 4 o'clock every day. (to prepare)
- 3) Mary and I _____ to school at quarter past 7. (to go)
- 4) My parents _____ work at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. (to finish)
- 5) They _____ new dresses for Mary in May. (to buy)
- 6) You never _____ meat. (to eat)
- 7) I always _____ home after school. (to walk)
- 8) The students _____ English from Mrs Harrison. (to learn)
- 9) We _____ a lot on Saturdays. (to dance)
- 10) You _____ your house for Christmas. (to decorate)
- 11) Charlie and Mandy _____ the table before lunch. (to set)

Task 2 - Write the correct forms of the verbs in the brackets on the line. You have to use 3rd person singular.

E.g. She _____ to school. (to go) → goes

- 1) Tim _____ to Paris every month. (to fly)
- 2) Sandra _____ carefully on the lessons. (to listen)
- 3) Molly _____ her homework in the afternoons. (do)
- 4) Britney often _____ when she _____ a romantic film. (to cry, to see)
- 5) She _____ her hair in the bathroom. (to brush)
- 6) It _____ a lot in England. (to rain)
- 7) He never _____ at me. (to laugh)
- 8) Mrs Davis _____ after lunch. (to wash up)
- 9) Tigger _____ jumping. (to like)
- 10) Mum rarely _____ the bus. (to miss)
- 11) Ms Martin usually _____ about the housework. (to worry)
- 12) Bill _____ his girlfriend. (to kiss)

Task 3 - Underline the signal words in task 1 and 2.

Task 4 - Circle the verbs which haven't got the 'regular' 3rd personal singular form in task 2.

b) Completa las oraciones seleccionando verbos del recuadro acorde de agregar las S ES IES

ACTIVIDADES

Present Simple

Negative

Singular	1	I don't play
	2	You don't play
	3	M He doesn't play
		F She doesn't play
		A It doesn't play
Plural	1	We don't play
	2	You don't play
	3	They don't play

En ingles se usan auxiliares para negar DON'T DOESN'T significan NO

Cuando se colocan los auxiliares desaparecen las S, ES de la conjugación en 3° persona

Resolver las actividades a continuación

Simple Present: negative sentences

1) Write these sentences, using the negative form of the Present Simple.

- He / not / live / in Paris _____
- She / not / work / at school _____
- I / not / play / the violin _____
- We / not / speak / Japanese _____
- My car / not / work _____

2) Make negative sentences, using the Present Simple.

- I play football. (tennis) I don't play tennis.
- He speaks Spanish. (Russian) _____
- The train stops at Leeds. (Bradford) _____
- They like classical music. (jazz) _____
- Ann plays the piano very well. (guitar) _____
- My grandparents live in Brazil. (Poland) _____

PRESENT SIMPLE NEGATIVE

I	do not	play tennis every day.
You	don't	
We	don't	
They	don't	
He	doesn't	play tennis every day.
She	doesn't	
It	doesn't	








3) Write negative sentences. Use the words from the box.

Arabic / Chemistry / meat / much petrol / in Norway / your address / on Sundays

- Mary / like Mary doesn't like meat.
- My car / use _____
- Tom / speak _____
- Bananas / grow _____
- Mrs. Green / teach _____
- I / remember _____
- We / work _____







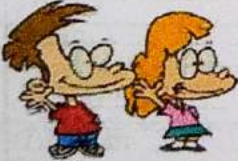
4) Make each sentence negative, choosing one of the verbs in brackets.

- It _____ very often in this part of the country. (eat / rain / sing)
- John works in London, but I _____ what he does. (come / play / know)
- Although my younger brother Tom is very tired, he _____ to go to bed. (want / help / walk)
- My mother writes novels, but she _____ poetry. (help / come / write)
- Jeremy _____ very hard, but he makes a lot of money. (play / work / sing)
- Sam lives in Germany, but he _____ a word in German. (sing / drink / speak)
- Phil's parents _____ I'm the right friend for their son. (write / think / come)

							
Jill	v	v	x	x	x	v	x
Mark	x	x	x	v	v	x	v
Mary	x	v	v	x	v	v	x

5) Look at the table and write as many sentences as you can.

Jill plays the violin, but she doesn't play the flute.

	<p>Jack _____ (eat) a sandwich. He _____ (not eat) pizza.</p>
	<p>Fiona _____ (cry) at work. She _____ (not cry) at home.</p>
	<p>We _____ (play) tennis. We _____ (not play) computer games.</p>
	<p>James _____ (fly) to America. He _____ (not fly) to Australia.</p>
	<p>Larry _____ (forget) his money. He _____ (not forget) his phone.</p>
	<p>They _____ (sing) the right song. They _____ (not sing) the right melody.</p>
	<p>They _____ (say) goodbye. They _____ (not say) hello.</p>

DON'T (I, You / We/ They)
DOESN'T (He/ She / It)

Verbo SIN CAMBIO (INFINITIVO)

I	don't work at a bank
You/ We	don't go to school by bus
They	
He	doesn't work at a bank
She	doesn't go to school by bus
It	

a) READ ZACK'S DAILY ROUTINE

Every day I get up at 6:00 and run in the park. After I run, I take a shower .

At 7.15, I have breakfast. I eat fruit and drink tea. I never drink coffee.

I go to work at 7.45. I start work at 8:30

In the mornings , I do interviews .

I have lunch at 1:30

In the afternoon I usually write a magazine article .

At 7 o'clock I go home and cook dinner . After dinner , I wash the dishes .

Then I watch TV . I like sports and news .

I always go to bed at 10:30

B) COMPLETE THE CHART ABOUT ZACK'S ROUTINE

DATE	TIME	ACTIVITY
14/3	6:00 a.m	Gets up, runs in the park ,take a shower
14/3	7:15 a.m	
"	7:45 a.m	
"	8:30 a.m	
"	1:30 p.m	
"	7:00 p.m	
"	10.30 p.m	



twelve

15 Write the sentences in negative form.

1. My big sister lives in Spain.
2. We live in a house in the country.
3. My brother studies medicine at university.
4. Ben plays the saxophone.
5. My parents go to bed very late.
6. My sister watches reality shows.
7. I read the newspaper every day.
8. Marcos does his homework in the afternoon.

16 Complete the questions with *do* or *does*.

1. _____ you go to bed at ten o'clock?
2. _____ the Burtons have dinner at seven o'clock?
3. _____ Charlie get home early?
4. _____ Sam and Charlie like Maths?
5. _____ you read every evening?
6. _____ your friends have lunch in the school canteen?
7. _____ Yasmin help her father on Saturdays?
8. _____ her father work in a restaurant?

17 Answer the questions from ex. 16. Use short forms.

Example: 1. Do you go to bed at ten o'clock?
Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

18 Put the words in the correct order. Write questions.

1. grandparents / do / your / live / where / ?
2. Do Argentine students study Art?
3. time / finish / what / you / do / school / ?
4. do / you / Maths / when / have / ?
5. eight / you / on / up / at / get / o'clock / do / Sundays / ?
6. rock / you / do / listen / music / to / ?

19 Answer the questions from exercise 18.

Example: My grandparents live in...

20 Answer the questions. Use short forms: Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

1. Do you get up at seven o'clock?
2. Do you go to school by car?
3. Do you have lunch at home?
4. Do you play a team sport?
5. Do you play a musical instrument?

21 Write the adverb of frequency under the correct picture.

never • often • always • sometimes

1. _____ 2. usually 3. _____

4. _____ 5. seldom / rarely 6. _____

22 Rewrite the sentences. Include the adverb of frequency in brackets.

1. Tom does his homework before dinner. (always)
2. Do you read in bed? (usually)
3. We don't have dinner before 8.00 p.m. (often)
4. I watch TV after dinner. (seldom)
5. We have lunch in the school canteen. (never)
6. Emma is late for school. (sometimes)

I can...

- ☐ talk about daily routines
- ☐ talk about frequency

Project Time

Now we will complete and present the project. Write an application letter for an au pair job or a place on a cultural exchange program. Include this information:

- your expectations for the job or the programme
- your routines in your own country

Now you are ready to write an application letter in English!

Present Continuous

GRAMATICA

Presente Continuo o El presente progresivo se utiliza para acontecimientos que estén ocurriendo en o en torno a este momento particular en el tiempo, o para indicar que algo es temporal, o para hablar de situaciones que van cambiando, y también para hablar sobre planes en el futuro.

El presente continuo o presente progresivo (**present continuous tense**) se forma escribiendo el verbo to be que corresponde a cada sujeto y el verbo principal con la terminación -ing, esta terminación corresponde al gerundio en español: I am working (Yo estoy trabajando) You are working (Tú estás trabajando)

Existen una serie de verbos que normalmente no pueden emplearse en Presente Continuo, excepto en ocasiones excepcionales:

- Verbos que expresan sensaciones, como feel (sentir), hear (oír), see (ver) o smell (oler).
- Verbos que expresan posesión, como belong (pertenecer), own (ser propietario de) o possess (poseer).

INTERROGATIVE	PRESENT CONTINUOUS
Am I working?	Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.
Are you working?	Yes, you are. / No, you aren't.
Is he working?	Yes, he is. / No, he isn't.
Are you working?	Yes, you are. / No, you aren't.
Is it working?	Yes, it is. / No, it isn't.
Are we working?	Yes, we are. / No, we aren't.
Are you working?	Yes, you are. / No, you aren't.
Are they working?	Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.

PRESENT CONTINUOUS

AFFIRMATIVE

I **am** studying
You **are** studying
He **'s** studying
She **is** studying
It **is** studying
We **are** studying
You **are** studying
They **are** studying

NEGATIVE

I **am not** studying.
You **are not** studying.
He **isn't** studying.
She **is not** studying.
It **is not** studying.
We **are not** studying.
You **aren't** studying.
They **aren't** studying.

INTERROGATIVE

Am I studying ?
Are you studying ?
Is he studying?
Is she studying?
Is it studying?
Are we studying?
Are you studying?
Are they studying?

SHORT ANSWERS

Yes, I am. / No, I am not.
Yes, you are. / No, You aren't.
Yes, he is. / No he isn't.
Yes, she is. / No she isn't.
Yes, it is. / No it isn't
Yes, We are/ No, We aren't.
Yes, You are. / No, You aren't.
Yes, They are/ No, they aren't.

En la forma afirmativa se coloca el verbo to be en afirmativo I am watching TV. En

la negación Se coloca el verbo en negativo I am not surfing.

ACTIVIDADES

What are they doing?

Match the verbs with the pictures. Then, answer the questions using Present Continuous.



- a. dancing
- b. celebrating
- c. jumping
- d. talking
- e. playing
- f. traveling
- g. buying
- h. asking
- i. sharing
- j. running
- k. doing
- l. watching

- a) What are Elizabeth and Johnny doing? They are dancing at the disco.
- b) What are Zoe and Melissa doing? Paco's birthday.
- c) What are Charlie, Liz and Jean doing? the rope in the park.
- d) What are Pete and David doing? about their English class.
- e) What are Rose and her friends doing? in the backyard.
- f) What are the students doing? to the museum by bus.
- g) What are Timmy and his mother doing? some fruit.
- h) What are Daniela and Erick doing? a few questions to the teacher.
- i) What are Martin and Paul doing? their candies.
- j) What are Julie and his doing? at the park.
- k) What are Steve and Lizzie doing? a puzzle.
- l) What are the children doing? a puppet play.

Resolver los siguientes ejercicios

4

1 He is drinking.

9 She

3 They ...

4. *h* - ...

5 She

6 Ha

2 Write two sentences for each picture: an affirmative sentence and a negative sentence.



1 He / read / a book / a newspaper

He is reading a book.

He isn't reading a newspaper.



3 She / eat / a sandwich / an apple



2 They / play / football / baseball



4 He / drink / milk / water

A continuación recorta una imagen donde se vea personas realizando diferentes acciones y descríbelas usando presente continuo. Ejemplo she is playing the flute at the park. (ella esta tocando la flauta en el parque).

ACTIVIDADES

En la clase num 11 tenes la explicación gramatical para repasar y poder resolver los ejercicios a continuación.

Present continuous

Who is who?

1. He is sleeping. _____
2. She is playing the guitar. _____
3. They are watching TV. _____
4. He is taking photos. _____
5. They are running. _____
6. They are drinking coffee. _____

What are they doing?

1. Sara _____
2. Mike _____
3. Emily and Susan _____
4. John _____
5. Jane _____
6. Sally _____
7. Carl _____
8. Mark _____

Answer the questions.

1. Is Laura running? _____
2. Are Betty and Ana eating? _____
3. Is Kate eating? _____
4. Is Sally studying? _____
5. Are Emily and Susan cooking? _____
6. Is Paul working? _____

5b Celebrations



Check these words

- Down Under • celebrate • public holiday
- include • pies • city centre • lanterns
- envelope • money • inside • last • riddle
- band • float • food stall • play the drums
- wear a costume



Reading

- 1 a) Look at the pictures. Which picture shows: a street parade? a barbecue? fireworks? presents? decorations?
- b) Which of the pictures refer to text A? Which to B? Listen and read to find out.

Greetings from Down Under!

I'm visiting my cousins in Australia at the moment and they are celebrating Australia Day. It's a public holiday so no work today. My aunt is preparing a big meal, including pies and a cake. My cousins Jenny and Alison are decorating the house. My uncle is in the garden. He is getting the barbecue ready. In the city centre, people are watching the street parade. I can't wait to set off some fireworks tonight!

See you when I get home.
Danny



Sam White
13 Victoria Street
Liverpool
L25QA
UK

Hello, James!

It's New Year's Eve here in China. We are getting ready for the big day tomorrow. My mum is preparing a big family meal. My dad is decorating the house with red lanterns. I can't wait for my mum and dad to give me my present, a red envelope with money inside! The celebrations here last for two weeks. They end with the Lantern Festival and the Dragon Dance, a big parade with lots of dancing.

Talk to you soon.
Mia



Vocabulary

- 3 a) Match. Then, listen and check.

- | | |
|------------|----------------------|
| 1 prepare | a the house |
| 2 decorate | b fireworks |
| 3 get | c presents |
| 4 watch | d the barbecue ready |
| 5 set off | e the street parade |
| 6 give | f a big meal |

- b) Use the phrases to talk about Australia Day and Chinese New Year's Eve.

It's Australia Day today. Danny's aunt is preparing ...



Grammar Focus

Grammar (Present Continuous)

Affirmative

I **am** ('m) **cooking**.
He/She/It **is** ('s) **cooking**.
We/You/They **are** ('re) **cooking**.

Negative

I **am not** ('m not) **cooking**.
He/She/It **is not** (isn't) **cooking**.
We/You/They **are not** (aren't) **cooking**.

Use

We use the present continuous for:

- actions that are happening now.
*She's **talking** on the phone now.*
- actions happening around the time of speaking.
*We're **studying** for a test this week.*

Time expressions: now, at the moment, at present, these days

Interrogative/ Short answers

Am I **cooking**?
Yes, I **am** / No, I'm **not**.
Is he/she/it **cooking**?
Yes, he/she/it **is**. /
No, he/she/it **isn't**.
Are we/you/they **cooking**?
Yes, we/you/they **are**. /
No, we/you/they **aren't**.

Spelling

- Most verbs take -ing.
*surf - **surfing**, play - **playing***
- Verbs ending in -e, drop the -e and add -ing.
*take - **taking**, dance - **dancing***
- Verbs ending in one stressed vowel between two consonants, double the consonant and add -ing.
*hit - **hitting**, swim - **swimming***
- Verbs ending in -l, double the -l and add -ing.
*travel - **travelling***

1 Put the verbs in the correct box, as in the example.

play	get	ride
read	swim	run
dance	come	sing
listen	write	sit
hop	work	mime

+ -ing	re + -ing	double consonant + -ing
playing		

2 Read and complete.



There are three people in this picture. Ashley and her mum 1) **are sitting** (sit) at the table in the kitchen. Her mum 2) _____ (help) her with her homework. Her dad 3) _____ (stand) behind them. He 4) _____ (make) dinner. Ashley 5) _____ (ask) her mum a question and her mum 6) _____ (show) her something in her book.

3 Look, read and put a tick (✓) or a cross (X). Then, make sentences.

1

(They/play hockey)



(They/play golf)



They aren't playing hockey.
They are playing golf.

3

(She/ride a bike)



(She/wear a dress)



2

(They/sail)



(They/swim)



4

(The sun/shine)



(I/snowboard)



4 a) Read and complete the email. Use the verbs below in the *Present Continuous*.

b) Make questions. Then, read the email and answer the questions.

Dear Ellen,

I 1) **am writing** (write) to you from sunny Spain!
We 2) _____ (stay) in a beautiful hotel near the beach. The sun
3) _____ (shine) and it's very hot!

Right now I 4) _____ (sit)

on the beach with Mum and Dad. We

5) _____ (drink) some cold juice.

We 6) _____ (not/swim)

because we 7) _____ (get)

ready to go for lunch. My brother, Steve, isn't

with us today. He 8) _____ (sail)

around the Canary Islands!

What about you? 9) _____

(you/have) a good time in Italy?

Write to me and let me know.

Take care.

Ben

1 where/Ben/write from?

Where is Ben writing from?
He's writing from Spain.

2 where/they/stay?

3 it/rain?

4 what/Ben/do/right now?

5 why/they/not/swim?

6 what/Steve/do/today?

GRAMMAR BOOSTER

Simple Past - to be

1 6 • 14 Listen and repeat. Complete.

STOP, LOOK and LEARN

The two forms of the verb to be in the past are: **was** and **were**.

Once upon a time, a boy was in a park and...



AFFIRMATIVE

I	was
you	were
he	was
she	
it	
we	were
you	
they	

NEGATIVE

I		(wasn't)
you		(weren't)
he		(wasn't)
she	was not	(wasn't)
it	was not	(wasn't)
we		(weren't)
you	were not	(weren't)
they	were not	(weren't)

3 6 • 15 Complete with **was** or **were**. Listen and check.

2 Complete the sentences with the past simple of the verb **to be** in the affirmative.

- Yesterday it hot.
- They at school.
- She at the party.
- Paul and Ben late.
- He sad.
- The dog in the garden.



This is a picture of me and my family. We in Paris. Our hotel big and beautiful. It near the Eiffel Tower. It sunny and hot every day. We very happy.



4 Complete the sentences with the past simple of the verb **to be** in the affirmative or in the negative.



- 1** He at the baker's.
He at the bank.



- 2** They at the stadium.
They at the supermarket.



- 3** She at school.
She at home.

5 Use the words to write questions. Then answer.



1 they / at home

-?
☐ Yes, they were.
☐ No, they weren't.

2 he / sad

-?
☐ Yes, he was.
☐ No, he wasn't.

3 she / happy

-?
☐ Yes, she was.
☐ No, she wasn't.

4 it / sunny

-?
☐ Yes, it was.
☐ No, it wasn't.

INTERROGATIVE

Was I?
Were you?
Was he / she / it?
Were we?
Were you?
Were they?

1) Look at these places and find them.

M	N	B	B	V	C	A	M	E	N	I	C
S	J	I	D	U	X	Z	A	S	D	F	G
C	H	Y	F	G	S	T	G	S	H	Y	E
H	T	H	H	D	S	S	D	J	T	C	
O	E	R	T	J	C	P	T	C	K	R	I
O	A	R	F	G	H	J	O	L	R	F	
L	Q	P	S	H	J	N	B	V	P	E	F
H	G	F	D	P	A	R	K	J	H	W	O



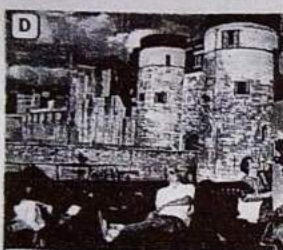
2) Turn into spanish these sentences.



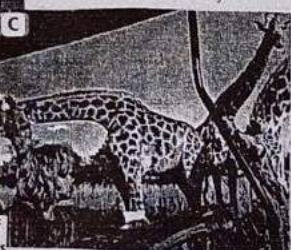
This was my first performance in New York City. I was SO nervous, but it was a great concert.
Delia, Cincinnati



This is my sister, Sara, on her twentieth birthday. She was totally surprised!
Eduardo, Mexico City



This was our group at the Tower of London. It was my fourth visit. I was totally bored!
Damon, London



This was my seventh visit to Africa. I love Africa. I was really happy!
Michaela, Boston



This is a picture of me and my new bike. I was in an accident. I was very sad.
Evan, Stockholm



This is a picture of Tammy and the Train of Terror. It was our second time on the ride. I was very scared - but it was fun!
Casper, Miami

3) Place the words in the correct place.

At school - at a party - in the park
- at home - in the hospital -

- Last week my grand father was _____ for 3 days.
- Yesterday at 7 p.m I was running _____
- Last Friday night I was _____. I was very tired.
- Susan was _____ when the accident happened.
- Last Saturday my friends and me were _____. We were celebrating Peter's birthday.

4) Complete the sentences with: Was- Were. Then turn them into spanish.

- We _____ at the beach playing volleyball.
- Tom _____ a good football soccer when he _____ 15 years old.
- Last saturday my friends _____ at the Bersuit concert.
- She _____ my teacher at school.
- I _____ reading the newspaper at 10 p.m yesterday.
- Yesterday my friends _____ at home. We _____ playing video games.

5) Order the following words.

- were/ in the living room / My parents / a movie/ watching
- the Argentinian / He / in 1987 / President / was
- at / was / cinema / my family / Yesterday / with / I / the/
- were/ George Harrison and John Lennon / "The Beatles"/ off/ part
- songwriter / Jimi Hendrix / and / a / was / great guitarist
- artist / was / famous / Leonard Da vinci / a
- doing / at 11 a.m / I / English exercises / was / yesterday /

6) Find four places and three feelings.

C	M	N	A	M	E	N	I	C	B	V	C
O	I	U	Y	T	R	E	D	B	N	S	P
N	B	D	S	R	S	M	F	V	Y	A	O
C	P	O	F	T	Y	A	V	E	P	D	T
E	G	B	R	L	U	J	D	R	P	F	S
R	H	Z	G	E	I	H	Z	F	A	G	S
T	J	K	J	H	D	F	S	G	H	H	U
T	Y	H	O	M	E	L	K	J	H	J	B

1) Look at these places and find them.

M	N	B	B	V	C	A	M	E	N	I	C
S	J	I	D	U	X	Z	A	S	D	F	G
C	H	Y	F	G	S	T	G	S	H	Y	E
H	T	H	H	D	S	S	D	J	T	C	
O	E	R	T	J	C	P	T	C	K	R	I
O	A	R	F	G	H	J	O	L	R	F	
L	Q	P	S	H	J	N	B	V	P	E	F
H	G	F	D	P	A	R	K	J	H	W	O



2) Turn into Spanish these sentences.



This was my first performance in New York City. I was SO nervous, but it was a great concert.

Delia, Cincinnati



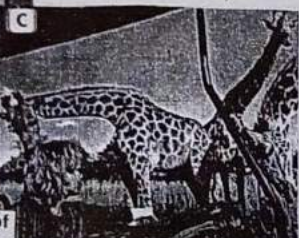
This is my sister, Sara, on her twentieth birthday. She was totally surprised!

Eduardo, Mexico City



This was our group at the Tower of London. It was my fourth visit. I was totally bored!

Damon, London



This was my seventh visit to Africa. I love Africa. I was really happy!

Michaela, Boston



This is a picture of me and my new bike. I was in an accident. I was very sad.

Evan, Stockholm



This is a picture of Tammy and the Train of Terror. It was our second time on the ride. I was very scared - but it was fun!

Casper, Miami

3) Place the words in the correct place.

At school - at a party - in the park
- at home - in the hospital -

- Last week my grand father was _____ for 3 days.
- Yesterday at 7 p.m I was running _____
- Last Friday night I was _____. I was very tired.
- Susan was _____ when the accident happened.
- Last Saturday my friends and me were _____. We were celebrating Peter's birthday.

4) Complete the sentences with: Was- Were. Then turn them into Spanish.

1. We _____ at the beach playing volleyball.

2. Tom _____ a good football soccer when he _____ 15 years old.

3. Last Saturday my friends _____ at the Bersuit concert.

4. She _____ my teacher at school.

5. I _____ reading the newspaper at 10 p.m yesterday.

6. Yesterday my friends _____ at home. We _____ playing video games.

5) Order the following words.

1 were/ in the living room / My parents / a movie/ watching

2 the Argentinian / He / in 1987 / President / was

3 at / was / cinema / my family / Yesterday / with / I / the/

4 were/ George Harrison and John Lennon / "The Beatles"/ of/ part

5 songwriter / Jimi Hendrix / and / a / was / great guitarist

6 artist / was / famous / Leonard Da vinci / a

7 doing / at 11 a.m / I / English exercises / was / yesterday /

6) Find four places and three feelings.

C	M	N	A	M	E	N	I	C	B	V	C
O	I	U	Y	T	R	E	D	B	N	S	P
N	B	D	S	R	S	M	F	V	Y	A	O
C	P	O	F	T	Y	A	V	E	P	D	T
E	G	B	R	L	U	J	D	R	P	F	S
R	H	Z	G	E	I	H	Z	F	A	G	S
T	J	K	J	H	D	F	S	G	H	H	U
T	Y	H	O	M	E	L	K	J	H	J	B

1) Look at these words and place them in the correct column.

Cinema - Beach - Park - School - Home -
Hospital - living room

In the	At	At the

2) Complete the sentences with Was - Were. Then turn them into Spanish.

1. There _____ five dogs at school last Monday.

2. My friends _____ drinking at a party last Saturday.

3. I _____ the best student in my class three years ago.

4. There _____ a terrible car accident last week.

5. They _____ born in Salta.

6. Tom and Susan _____ best friends at school.

3) Order these words.

a. was / at the bus stop / with my friends / I / at 9 p.m.
yesterday

b. ten / were / in the concert / There / bands

c. born / in China / were / We

d. was / big / for my birthday / There / party

e. at the beach / last weekend / with my family / was / I

4) Read and match.

They were born _____ ten people in the party.

There were _____ at the cinema yesterday.

We were _____ a genius at maths.

There was _____ in Cerrillos.

Susan was _____ a tsunami in Japan last year.

5) Read the sentences and find the missing word

B	V	C	X	Z	A	S	D	F	G	H	J
T	S	N	B	J	N	V	F	R	A	D	T
H	D	B	Q	O	J	H	G	E	M	C	R
E	F	V	W	U	R	O	F	D	E	V	E
R	G	C	E	Y	B	N	D	A	N	F	W
E	H	X	R	T	N	J	X	Z	I	T	Q
H	J	Z	X	D	F	G	H	Y	C	Y	P
J	K	P	A	R	K	K	R	N	M	U	O

_____ were 56 people in my birthday party.

_____ Mika was _____ in 2007.

My parents were at the _____ last night.

Ralf was running in the _____ yesterday.

6) Write these sentences in English.



Hablan 13 habitaciones en el hotel



Yo era una modelo famoso en 2011



Mis padres estaban en el cine el viernes pasado



Ellos estaban estudiando en la escuela el viernes pasado.



Había un perro en la escuela ayer



Ella nació en 1897.



Yo era una profesora en 1998



Nosotros nacimos en Salta

1) Find these places and write the correct preposition.

B	V	C	X	B	U	S	S	T	O	P	L
T	E	N	B	J	N	V	F	R	A	D	O
R	D	A	Q	O	J	H	G	E	M	C	O
E	F	V	C	U	R	O	F	O	E	V	H
C	G	C	E	H	B	N	D	A	N	F	C
N	H	X	R	T	N	J	X	Z	I	T	S
O	J	Z	X	D	F	G	H	Y	C	Y	P
C	K	P	A	R	K	K	R	N	M	U	O



2) Complete the chart

Affirmative Form	Negative Form
I _____	I wasn't
You _____	You _____
He was _____	He _____
She _____	She _____
It _____	It _____
We were _____	We _____
They _____	They weren't

3) Turn into negative these sentences.

a. We were in the hospital last Friday.

b. There was a terrible storm last night

c. I was born in Jujuy.

d. My father was sleeping at 7 a.m. yesterday.

4) Write these sentences in English.



Habían 13 habitaciones en el hotel



Yo era una modelo famoso en 2011



Mis padres estaban en el cine el viernes pasado



Ellos estaban estudiando en la escuela el



Había un perro en la escuela ayer

5) Turn into Spanish these sentences.
a. My parents were born in Buenos Aires.

b. There were five hurricanes in Arizona last year.

c. Susan was at home at 9p.m. yesterday.

d. They were famous actors in the 1970s

6) Read the sentences and correct the wrong sentences.

1. Susan was in the cinema last Saturday.

2. There were a big explosion in the factory last year.

3. We weren't friends at school.

4. Tom and Ralf were born in Chile.

5. There no was a circus in my town.

7) Order

a. working / at 10 a.m. / yesterday / were / They /

b. born / 1996 / was / My father /

c. victims / weren't / in the / There / accident

d. people / at the party / There / 24 / were /

e. famous / Lady Dil / princess / was / a

f. was / Puyehue volcano / in 2005 / activity / in /

g.

8) Describe this image. Use: There was - There were.



a. (Bicycles)

b. (dog)

c. (People)

d. (Trees)

1) Answer the questions.

1) Answer these questions.

a- Were Ricky Martin and Luis Miguel in Salta last Week?

b- Were you born in Salta?

c- Was your father reading a book at 8 p.m yesterday?

d- Were you in 2do grade last year?

e- Were your parents in Brazil in 2010?

f- Was your mother at the cinema last Friday?

g- Were you and your friends at a party last Saturday?

h- Was Macri the President last year?

g- Were Rodrigo and Gilda singers?

2) Look at the information about Muhammad Ali.

Write questions and answers.

		
1942 born in Louisville, Kentucky, USA	1960 Olympic Gold Champion medallist, Rome	1964, 1974, 1978 World Heavy-weight Champion.

1 (In the USA / in 1942)

Was he in the USA in 1942? Yes, He was

2 (born / in Brazil)

3 (Olimpic Champion / in 1960)

4 (World Champion / in 1962)

2) Look at the pictures of Henry and his friends. Fill in the blanks with: Was, Wasn't, Were or Weren't.



Greenland, with David, 2000



Switzerland, 1990



Ecuador, with Katie and David, 2003



Kenya, with Katie, 1993

3) Look at the information about Henry.

1 Henry _____ in Kenya in 1990. He _____ in 35 to 36 Switzerland.

2 Henry and David _____ in Greenland in 2000. It _____ very cold.

3 Katie _____ with Henry in 1990.

4 Henry and his friends _____ in Switzerland in 2003. They _____ in Ecuador.

3) Circle the correct words.

1 You wasn't / weren't at school yesterday? Was / Were you at home?

2 I was / were born in 1992.

3 Agatha Christie wasn't / weren't a racing driver.

4 Was / Were Beethoven an author? No, He wasn't / weren't.

5 My parents was / were in America in 2003.

6 Was / Were you born in Mexico?

4) Describe this image. Use: There was- There were.



1 (Baby) _____

2 (Dogs) _____

3 (People) _____

4 (bicycle) _____

5 (skaters) _____

5) Find these places.

H	Z	X	C	L	A	T	I	P	S	O	H
C	A	L	K	J	H	G	F	D	S	A	Q
A	M	M	G	E	S	Z	P	E	I	R	E
E	E	P	A	R	T	Y	G	F	M	E	R
B	N	R	E	W	Q	A	S	D	F	O	T
Y	I	M	N	B	H	G	F	R	T	Y	H
T	C	J	L	O	O	H	C	S	U	P	Y



1) Answer the questions.

a. Where were you at 9 p.m yesterday?

b. Was Shakira in Argentina in 2015?

c. When was he born? (1997)

d. Where were you born?

e. Were Messi and Neymar in Argentina last year?

f. Were your friends at the cinema last Friday night?

g. Was Urtubey Governor in 2014?

h. Where were they born? (Peru)

i. Were you at a party last Saturday?

j. Was William Shakespear a famous play writer?

2) Write questions and answers about Amy Johnson



The first woman to fly from England to Australia

Name: Amy Johnson Job: Pilot
Town and Country: Hull, England
Born: 1903 Husband's name: Jim Mollison

1 an actor?

A Was Amy Johnson an actor?

B No, She wasn't. She was a pilot.

2 English?

A _____

B _____

3 Born in Liverpool?

A _____

B _____

4 Husband's name Jim Mollison?

A _____

B _____

3) Look at the timeline of Pelé's professional life. Write the correct form of be, affirmative or negative.



1 Pelé _____ born in the USA.

2 In 1958, Pelé and the Brazilian national team _____ in Sweden.

3 In 1962, Pelé _____ in the World Cup in Chile.

4 Pelé and the Brazilian team _____ in Chile for the World Cup in 1970.

5 Pelé _____ in the United States from 1975 - 1977.

6 Pelé _____ in the World Cup in 2006.

4) Complete the sentences. Use: Was, were, wasn't and weren't.

1 I _____ in London yesterday.

2 _____ she at home yesterday afternoon?

No, She _____

3 They _____ born in Italy. They _____ born in Spain. They are Spanish.

4 Where _____ you born? I _____ born in France

5 _____ you at the office yesterday? No, We _____

6 _____ he born in 1985? No, He _____ born in 1985. He _____ born in 1975.

5) Turn into Spanish these texts.

Cher was born in California, in the USA, in 1946. She was famous in the 1960s with her husband, Sonny Bono. Their big hit record in 1965 was 'I've got you, Babe'. Today Cher makes fast dance music. Her album *Believe* was number one all over the world in 1998.



Bob Marley was born in 1945 in Jamaica, and he died in 1981. He was famous in the 1970s with his band, the Wailers. His music was reggae music, with religious and political words. Two of his famous songs were *Exodus* and *One Love*. He was in the film *The Harder They Fall*.

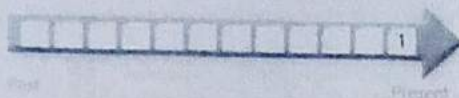
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Summer holidays

Past time expressions

1 Reorder the following time expressions in the timeline. Look at the example.

1. now 2. three days ago 3. two minutes ago
4. yesterday 5. last week
6. one hour ago 7. the day before yesterday
8. twelve years ago 9. five years ago
10. 1995 11. last night 12. six months ago



PAST SIMPLE: TO BE

Affirmative form

3 Complete the sentences with **was** or **were**.

- I _____ at the match with my father last night.
- Our team _____ fantastic.
- Dad and I _____ very happy.
- Mum _____ at home last night.
- You _____ at home last night, too.
- You and mum _____ very happy.

4 Add the time expression in brackets to each sentence. Transform the verb into the **Past Simple**.

- We are in a fantastic camping site. (last month)

- Mrs Lloyd is at the hospital. (two hours ago)

- Nicole and William are at home. (half an hour ago)

- Mr Clark is in Germany for work. (last week)

- The weather is very cold. (yesterday)

- There are a lot of people in the park. (last Sunday)

- You and your parents are on holiday in Portugal. (in 2008)

- I am late for school. (the day before yesterday)

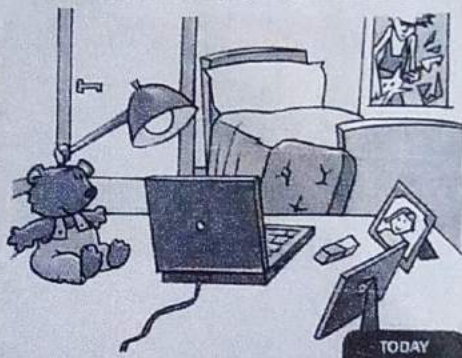
Negative form

5 Transform the following sentences into the negative form. Use **wasn't** or **weren't**.

- I was in the bathroom five minutes ago.
- My friends and I were at the British Museum three days ago.
- Barbara and Benjamin were in Tunisia last summer.
- Yasmin was at the market with her mother yesterday morning.
- Tim was at school yesterday.
- Mr and Mrs Burton were at work yesterday.

7 This is Jenny's room. Look at the pictures. Write down the differences between the two desks.

Example: There was a CD player on the desk yesterday.
There isn't a CD player on the desk today.



Interrogative form and short answers

9a Look at the table. Answer the questions with complete or short answers.

	Yesterday morning	Yesterday afternoon	Last night
I	school	park	home
Julia	office	swimming pool	restaurant
James and Amy	airport	hotel	theatre

1. Where were you yesterday afternoon?

2. Was Julia in the office yesterday morning?

3. Were James and Amy at the airport last night?

4. Where were they?

READING

12 Read the interview with Leona Lewis. Complete the summary.

- Interviewer: When and where were you born?
 Leona Lewis: I was born on 3 April 1985, in London.
 Interviewer: Tell us about your family.
 Leona Lewis: My mother is Welsh and she is a social worker. My father is from Guyana, South America. They live in London.
 Interviewer: How old were you when you had the idea to be a singer?
 Leona Lewis: When I was 5 years old my only dream was to be a singer.
 Interviewer: Were you at a Music School?
 Leona Lewis: Well, I had my first guitar and piano lessons in a Drama School in London. There, I was good at writing songs.
 Interviewer: What was your job, before you were a singer?
 Leona Lewis: I was a receptionist. My life had a sudden change when was on X-Factor on TV and, as you know, I was the winner.
 Interviewer: And your first CD, *Spirit*, had great success.
 Leona Lewis: Yes, it was a hit all over the world.
 Interviewer: Now you are an international star, do you feel like a diva?
 Leona Lewis: I always remember who I am and where I am from. I'm the same person now as I was before.
 Interviewer: Is that why you are living in an ordinary part of London?
 Leona Lewis: I like that part of London. I can find different ethnic backgrounds there. My friends are Turkish, African, Japanese, Chinese...
 Interviewer: Last question. Do you like children?
 Leona Lewis: Yes, of course. When I was in Africa my desire was to take home all the kids!



Leona Lewis is from (1), where she was born on (2). Her mother comes from (3) and her father from (4). When she was (5) she had the idea to be a (6). She was a good student at a (7) in London. She was first a (8) before she was a famous star. After she was the (9) of X-Factor, her first CD was a (10). She has a normal lifestyle: she lives in (11) of London, where she has different foreign (12). She loves (13).

A continuación vamos a aprender a colocar las fechas para eso usaremos los numeros ordinales que indican orden ejemplo one es cardinal y significa uno pero first es ordinal y significa primero

Ordinal Numbers



1st	First	11th	Eleventh	21st	Twenty first
2nd	Second	12th	Twelfth	22nd	Twenty second
3rd	Third	13th	Thirteenth	23rd	Twenty third
4th	fourth	14th	Fourteenth	30th	Thirtieth
5th	fifth	15th	Fifteenth	40th	Fortieth
6th	Sixth	16th	Sixteenth	50th	Fiftieth
7th	Seventh	17th	Seventeenth	60th	Sixtieth
8th	Eighth	18th	Eighteenth	70th	Seventieth
9th	Ninth	19th	Nineteenth	80th	eightieth
10th	tenth	20th	twentieth	90th	ninetieth



Para colocar las fechas usaremos el número ordinal con los meses como se da en el ejemplo de la imagen

Ahora debes practicar

The DATE in English

There are two ways of saying the date in English.

Written English

Spoken English

Numbers



March 7

MONTH + DAY

March seventh

Even if the -th isn't written, an ordinal number is still said.

3 / 7 / 17

MONTH / DAY / YEAR



7th March

DAY + MONTH

The seventh of March

7 / 3 / 17

DAY / MONTH / YEAR

Days

We always use **ordinal numbers** for the date in spoken English.

- 1st first
- 2nd second
- 3rd third
- 4th fourth
- 5th fifth
- 6th sixth
- 7th seventh
- 8th eighth
- 9th ninth
- 10th tenth

Months

Months always start with capital letters.

august ❌

August ✅

What day is this?

3 / 5 / 18

March 5, 2018

3rd May 2018

Big difference!

Years

Years are normally divided into two parts.*

1984

nineteen eighty-four

1652 sixteen fifty-two

1941 nineteen forty-one

2017 twenty seventeen

* **Exception:** For the years from 2000 to 2010, we normally say **two thousand and + number**.

2006 two thousand and six

Para colocar las fechas usaremos el numero ordinal con los meses como esta dado el ejemplo de la imagen

Ahora debes practicar

Write the Dates



Write these dates in full. Follow the example.



The seventeenth of June































2nd _____ 15th _____
 11th _____ 1st _____
 18th _____ 56th _____
 23rd _____ 95th _____
 77th _____

Exercise 5: Find the mystery word after answering the questions. Write the corresponding letter in the grid

1. What's the second letter of the word ANIMAL?
2. What's the first letter of the word UNIVERSITY?
3. What's the third letter of the word GAME?
4. What's the first letter of the word BEAUTIFUL?
5. What's the fifth letter of the word GARDEN?
6. What's the eighth letter of the word NOVEMBER?

☐
☐
☐
☐
☐
☐

What's the mystery word?-----

NOW...

What's the date today?



HOW DO WE SAY THE DATE IN ENGLISH?

First let's revise some vocabulary! Be careful, these words all start with capital letters!!

Exercise 6: Give the days of the week

M-----T-----W-----T-----
 F-----S-----S-----

Exercise 7. Give the months of the year

J-----F-----M-----A-----
 M-----J-----J-----A-----
 S-----O-----N-----D-----

In English we write: "Thursday 7th November 2013" and we say:

Thursday, the seventh of November 2013

"Monday 2nd September 2013" → Monday, the second of September 2013

En las actividades anteriores vimos el verbo to be en pasado (was, Were) ahora veremos el resto de los verbos que se dividen en verbos regulares e irregulares. En esta clase trabajaremos con verbos regulares.

Para conjugar estos verbos en pasado se agrega ed al final del verbo ejemplo work es trabajar y si lo conjugo en pasado lo escribo asi worked

En el siguiente cuadro podras observar el agregado de ed en cuanto a la terminación del verbo:

REGULAR VERBS SPELLING RULES			
Most verbs... + ed visit - visit ed start - start ed watch - watch ed rain - rain ed finish - finish ed listen - listen ed work - work ed walk - walk ed want - want ed	Verbs ending in e...+d like - like d arrive - arriv d dance - danc d live - liv d love - lov d close - clos d taste - tast d use - us d	Verbs ending: vowel + y... +ed play - play ed enjoy - enjoy ed stay - stay ed Verbs ending: consonant + y... +ied study - studi ed cry - cri ed try - tri ed	One syllable verbs... double the last consonant... stop - stop ped plan - plan ned travel - travell ed Teacher Juanmi

a) Completa las oraciones con los verbos en pasado

PAST SIMPLE - REGULAR VERBS

Complete with the correct form of the given verb.

Name _____
No _____ Date _____

1. You _____ the plants (water).
2. We _____ a twin room in the hotel (book).
3. They _____ Mary and Rachel to their party (invite).
4. I _____ in Portugal (live).
5. She _____ as a teacher (work).
6. I _____ to the doctor's advice (listen).
7. You _____ him not to go there (advise).
8. They _____ at the tourists (shout).
9. I _____ late (arrive).
10. Your mother _____ your grandmother (call).
11. They _____ nice (look).
12. It _____ heavily (rain).
13. The boy _____ for help (cry).
14. You and I _____ new clothes on (try).
15. They _____ the house white (paint).
16. He _____ her pardon (beg).
17. These leaves _____ yellow (turn).
18. You and Jane _____ to school (walk).
19. They _____ hard (study).
20. You _____ chess with your friend (play).
21. My father and my uncle _____ the film (enjoy).
22. We _____ the seat belts (fasten).



b) liveworksheets.com

Unir la terminación de los verbos

PAST SIMPLE TENSE



Regular Verbs



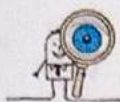
Match the endings

Double consonant + ed	+ied	+ed	+d
play	jump	cry	visit
listen	watch	stop	study
hurry	finish	stay	live
phone	walk	brush	carry
like	wash	hop	open
plan	help	dance	chat

c)

Buscar los verbos en la sopa de letra en pasado

Resolver la siguiente sopa de letras



REGULAR VERBS

GOOD
LUCK!

C O L Q D Q C D E I R C D D L C W M I D
D M Y D E E F O E V I X E E Q L S Q W E
M N E W K Z T O O R D N X V L E D K O I
D E T N I A P N J K E E O I O A X D R D
P I N M L A D B A T E W K L N N P E K U
D U W I S J K E S L D D S C L E R S E T
E E S K I O N I V E P D E N I D S S D S
P C E H D J L H N O M D N F A K R I S D
M D V E E M K E C W L M O P P E D K E H
U G I F P D P P O W A L K E D T U P V L
J T U L Y O A E P P P S I T C A L L E D
P V D E K C I P I U C D H G D E D L O F
K S R M K Q M E E L T A E E H U D T N D
M D N E A M C D D L I L R Y D W H B B Z
H F D K V L E N U E I I G R A X G V Z E
G V O F A H D F L D P E V N I L T U C W
L L Y P C A I E A F R V H B O E P A L O
D B P T E D H F E A I H Q Y E I D Y Y R
R E A R P D E V L E U D L U G W A T E U
D W G C H K C Z W G R E P A I R E D B U

Answer _____	Ask _____	Call _____
Carry _____	Clap _____	Clean _____
Cook _____	Copy _____	Cry _____
Dance _____	Dislike _____	Fold _____
Kiss _____	Listen _____	Live _____
Love _____	Mop _____	Open _____
Pack _____	Paint _____	Pick _____
Plant _____	Play _____	Pull _____
Push _____	Repair _____	Study _____
Tie _____	Walk _____	Wash _____
Watch _____	Work _____	

ISLCollective.com

d)

Resolver la siguiente hoja de ejercicios.

Infinitive	Past
-Be: Ser-estar/ bi/	-Was: Were
-Become: Volverse /bikam/	-Became /bikelm/
-Begin: Comenzar /bigin/	-Began /bigan/
-Bite: Morder/bait/	-Bit
-Break: Romper/broik/	-Broke /brouk/
-Bring: Traer-llevar	-Brought /brot/
-Build: Construir/bild/	-Built
-Burn: Quemar/berm/	-Burnt (burned) /bernt/
-Buy: Comprar/bai/	-Bought /bot/
-Can: Poder	-Could /kud/
-Catch: Atrapar/kach/	-Caught /kot/
-Choose: Elegir/chus/	-Chose /chous/
-Come: Venir/kam/	-Came /keim/
-Cost: Costar/kost/	-Cost
-Cut: Cortar/kat/	-Cut /kat/
-Do: Hacer/du/	-Did
-Dig: Cavar	-Dug /dag/
-Draw: Dibujar/dro/	-Drew /dru/
-Dream: Soñar/drim/	-Dreamt (dreamed) /dremt/
-Drink: Beber/drink/	-Drank
-Drive: Manejar/draiv/	-Drove/drouv/
-Eat: Comer/it/	-Ate /et/
-Fall: Caerse/fol/	-Fell
-Feed: Alimentar/fid/	-Fed
-Feel: Sentir/fil/	-Felt
-Fight: Pelear/fait/	-Fought /fot/
-Find: Encontrar/faind/	-Found /faund/
-Fly: Volar/flai/	-Flew /flu/
-Forget: Olvidar	-Forgot
-Forgive: Perdonar	-Forgave /forgeiv/
-Get: Conseguir - obtener	-Got
-Give: Dar/giv/	-Gave /geiv/
-Go: Ir/gou/	-Went
-Grow: Crecer- cultivar /grow/	-Grew /gru/
-Hang: Colgar /jang/	-Hung /jang/
-Have: Tener/jav/	-Had /jad/
-Hear: Escuchar/jiar/	-Heard /jerd/
-Hide: Esconder/jaid/	-Hid /jid/
-Hit: Golpear/jit/	-Hit /jit/
-Hold: Sostener /jould/	-Held /jeld/
-Hurt: Lastimar/jert/	-Hurt /jert/
-Keep: Mantener	-Kept
-Know: Conocer- saber /nou/	-Knew /fiu/
-Learn: Aprender/lern/	-Learnt (learned) Lernt
-Leave: Dejar- Partir /liv/	-Left
-Lend: Prestar	-Lent
-Let: Permiti	-Let
-Lie: Acostarse /lai/	-Lay /lei/
-Lie: Mentir /lai/	-Lied /laid/
-Light: Encender	-Lit
-Lose: Perder/lus/	-Lost
-Make: Hacer/meik/	-Made /meid/
-Mean: Significar /min/	-Meant /ment/
-Meet: Encontrarse /mit/	-Met
-Pay: Pagar/pel/	-Paid /peid/
-Put: Poner/put/	-Put
-Read: Leer/rid/	-Read /red/
-Ride: Andar en /raid/	-Rode /roud/
-Ring: Sonar- llamar	-Rang
-Run: Correr /ran/	-Ran
-Say: Decir /sel/	-Said /sed/
-Set: Establecer	-Set
-See: Ver/si/	-Saw /so/
-Send: Enviar/send/	-Sent
-Sell: Vender/sel/	-Sold /sould/
-Sew: Cocer /sou/	-Sewed /soud/
-Shine: Brillar / ain/	-Shone /soun/
-Shoot: Disparar/ ut/	-Shot /sot/

Infinitive	Past
-Show: Mostrar	-Showed /soud/
-Sing: Cantar/sing/	-Sang
-Sink: Hundirse/sink/	-Sank
-Sit: Sentarse/sit/	-Sat
-Sleep: Dormir/slip/	-Slept
-Smell: Oler	-Smelt
-Speak: Hablar(idioma)/spik/	-Spoke /spouk/
-Spend: Pasar-Gastar/spend/	-Spent
-Steal: Robar/stil/	-Stole /stoul/
-Stick: Clavar-Pegar	-Stuck /stak/
-Swim: Nadar/suim/	-Swam
-Take: Tomar- llevar /teik/	-Took /tuk/
-Teach: Enseñar/tich/	-Taught /tot/
-Tell: Decir/tel/	-Told /tould/
-Think: Pensar/zin/	-Thought /zot/
-Throw: Tirar-arrojar / zrou/	-Threw /zru/
-Understand: Comprender	-Understood /anderstud/
-Wake: Despertar/ueik/	-Woke /uok/
-Wear: Usar(ropa)/uear/	-Wore /uor/
-Win: Ganar/win/	-Won
-Write: Escribir/rait/	-Wrote /rout/

Regular Verbs

Agrega ED al Final para el pasado Simple

-Admire: Admirar/admaier/	-Need: Necesitar/nid/
-Answer: Responder/answer/	-Open: Abrir/oupen/
-Appear: Aparecer/apaiar/	-Paint: Pintar/peint/
-Arrive: Llegar/arraiv/	-Phone: Hablar por telef
-Ask: Preguntar/ask/	-Play: Jugar/plei/
-Bark: Ladrar/bark/	-Post: Enviar(buzon) /post/
-Believe: Creer/biliv/	-Prefer: Preferir/prifer/
-Call: Llamar/kol/	-Rain: Llover/rein/
-Change: Cambiar/cheiy/	-React: Reaccionar/riakt/
-Clean: Limpiar/Klin/	-Rent: Rentar/rent/
-Climb: Escalar/klaimb/	-Rescue: Rescatar/reskiu/
-Close: Cerrar/klous/	-Return: Regresar/ritem/
-Cook: Cocinar/kuk/	-Row: Remar/frou/
-Crash: Chocar/cra /	-Save: Salvar-Ahorarseiv/
-Cross: Cruzar/kros/	-Seem: Parecer/sim/
-Cry: Llorar/krai/	-Shout: Gritar/ aut/
-Cycle: Andar en bicicleta/saikl/	-Smell: Oler/smell/
-Dance: Bailar/dans/	-Smoke: Fumar/smouk/
-Destroy: Destruir/distroi/	-Start: Comenzar/start/
-Die: Morir/dai/	-Stay: Permanecer/stel/
-Dig: Escavar/dig/	-Stop: Parar/stop/
-Discover: Descubrir/discover	-Study: Estudiar /stadi/
-End: Terminar/end/	-Survive: Sobrevivir/servaiv
-Enjoy: Distrutar/enyoi/	-Talk: Hablar/tok/
-Escape: Escapar/eskeip/	-Telephone: Hablar por telefono/telefoun/
-Finish: Finalizar/finis/	-Tidy: Ordenar/taidi/
-Flood: Inundar/flad/	-Travel: Viajar/travel/
-Happen: Suceder/japen/	-Trip: Tropezar/trip/
-Help: Ayudar/jelp/	-Try: Tratar/trai/
-Iron: Planchar/alron/	-Turn on: Prender/tern on/
-Jump: Saltar/yamp/	-Type: Tipear
-Jog: Trotar/yog/	-Use: Usar/lus/
-Kill: Matar/kiil/	-Visit: Visitar/visit/
-Kiss: Besar /kis/	-Wait: Esperar/ueit/
-Like: Gustar/laik/	-Walk: Caminar/uok/
-Listen to: Escuchar/lisen chu/	-Want: Querer/uont/
-Live: Vivir/liv/	-Wash: Lavar/lous/
-Look: Mirar /luk/	-Watch: Mirar(tv)/uoch/
-Marry: Casarse	-Water: Regar/outer/
-Miss: Extrañar- perder	-Wonder: Preguntarse
-Mix: Mezclar /mix/	-Work: Trabajar/uerk/
-Move: Mover/muv/	

Grammar

Past simple – affirmative

Past simple – affirmative

Regular

play	→	played
watch	→	watched
arrive	→	arrived
want	→	wanted
need	→	needed
start	→	started

Irregular

swim	→	swam
do	→	did
win	→	won
see	→	saw
go	→	went
buy	→	bought

- 1 Read the past forms of the verbs in the grammar box. What is the ending of regular verbs?

Pronunciation

The -ed ending /d/ /t/ /ɪd/

- a 2 5 Listen to the verbs. Which verb has the sound /ɪd/ at the end?

1 played 2 watched 3 wanted

- b 2 6 Listen and repeat the regular past simple forms in the grammar box. Which of the verbs have the sound /ɪd/ at the end?

- 2 Write affirmative sentences in the past simple.

- a My mum _____ (arrive) home at 6 pm.
 b We _____ (start) school at quarter to nine.
 c My friends _____ (want) to play basketball.
 d My best friend _____ (watch) a horror film.
 e My brother and I _____ (play) tennis.

See Language Guide page 118

- 3 Complete the sentences using the past form of the verbs in the box.

win buy go swim do see

- a I _____ to the supermarket this morning.
 b They _____ a magazine at the newsagent.
 c Last summer we _____ in the sea.
 d Fantastic! We _____ the match!
 e She _____ the new film at the cinema.
 f My sister _____ her homework last night.

- 4 Look at the pictures of Ian. This is what he did last weekend. Write one sentence for each picture.

Saturday

Sunday



- 5 Write your own sports diary for last week.

On Monday I played football at break.

Speaking

- 6 Work in pairs. Compare your diary.



GRAMMAR POINT 1

PAST SIMPLE: REGULAR VERBS

Affirmative form

I wanted
 you wanted
 he wanted
 she wanted
 it wanted
 we wanted
 you wanted
 they wanted

I finished
 you finished
 he finished
 she finished
 it finished
 we finished
 you finished
 they finished

want → wanted
 watch → watched
 work → worked
 dance → danced
 stay → stayed

study → studied
 stop → stopped
 permit → permitted
 prefer → preferred



GRAMMAR POINT 2

PAST SIMPLE: IRREGULAR VERBS

put → put

read → read

John put the dishes in the dishwasher.

Vicky read the letter carefully.

go → went buy → bought have → had

Last summer my friends went to Dublin.



GRAMMAR POINT 3

TEMPORAL CONNECTORS

“Last night I went out with my friends Tom and Ben. **First**, we went for a walk in the city centre. **After that**, we had a pizza. **Then** we waited for the bus. **Finally**, I got home at half past ten and I went straight to bed.”

Focus on GRAMMAR



GRAMMAR POINT 1

PAST SIMPLE: REGULAR VERBS

Affirmative form

I wanted
you wanted
he wanted
she wanted
it wanted
we wanted
you wanted
they wanted

I finished
you finished
he finished
she finished
it finished
we finished
you finished
they finished

want → wanted
watch → watched
work → worked
dance → danced
stay → stayed

study → studied
stop → stopped
permit → permitted
prefer → preferred



GRAMMAR POINT 2

PAST SIMPLE: IRREGULAR VERBS

put → put

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GRAMMAR POINT 3

TEMPORAL CONNECTORS

"Last night I went out with my friends Tom and Ben. **First**, we went for a walk in the city centre. **After that**, we had a pizza. **Then** we waited for the bus. **Finally**, I got home at half past ten and I went straight to bed."

Workbook p. 76

13 Read the dialogue again (exercise 1, page 14) and underline the 3 regular verbs in it.

14 Write the *Past simple* of these regular verbs.

- | | | | |
|----------|-------|-----------|-------|
| 1. open | _____ | 6. play | _____ |
| 2. dance | _____ | 7. finish | _____ |
| 3. work | _____ | 8. stay | _____ |
| 4. start | _____ | 9. want | _____ |
| 5. stop | _____ | 10. marry | _____ |

15 Look at the pictures and complete the sentences using the *Past simple* of the verbs in the pool.

walk • stay • miss • want • call • clean



1 I _____ to watch TV but I had a terrible



2 My mother _____ the dentist because I had a



3 I _____ in bed last week because I had



4 Yesterday dad _____ the house because mum had a



5 My brother cut _____ when he _____ on some broken glass.



6 I _____ the football match because I had a broken

16 Complete the sentences with the *Past simple* of the verbs in the pool.

marry • finish • die • help • stay
• start • watch • miss • open

- We _____ an interesting documentary on TV last night.
- Mum _____ the train and was late for work this morning.
- Beckham _____ one of the *Spice Girls* in 1999.
- The film _____ at 8.30 p.m. and _____ at 11.00 p.m.
- We were on holiday in Portugal last year. We _____ in a very good campsite.
- I _____ my dad in the garden last Saturday afternoon.
- Martin Luther King _____ in 1968.
- It was very hot in the room, so I _____ the window.

17 Read the dialogue again (exercise 1, page 14), then write the *Past simple* of the 8 irregular verbs in it.

- | | |
|----------|--------|
| 1. meet | 5. do |
| 2. drink | 6. buy |
| 3. come | 7. eat |
| 4. have | 8. go |

18 Write the *Past simple* of these irregular verbs.

- | | |
|----------|------------|
| 1. see | 7. sleep |
| 2. give | 8. write |
| 3. put | 9. get |
| 4. leave | 10. tell |
| 5. lose | 11. find |
| 6. buy | 12. forget |

19 Complete the sentences using the *Past simple* form of the same verb.

Example: She usually has breakfast at 7.30.

This morning she had breakfast at 8.00.

- Sarah often buys clothes. Last weekend she _____ two pairs of jeans.
- I usually eat toast for breakfast. This morning I _____ six pieces!
- Today a lot of people write e-mails, but in the past they only _____ letters.
- Mum usually leaves her office at 6.00 p.m., but yesterday she _____ at 7.30 p.m.
- Matthew often forgets things. Last week he _____ his mobile phone.
- My grandparents usually come to see us on Sunday, but last week they _____ on Saturday.

7. My cat usually sleeps on the sofa, but last night she _____ on my bed.

8. Rachel usually goes to bed at 10.00 p.m., but last night she _____ at 11.30 p.m.

20 Michael is on holiday in New York. Read what he did yesterday and complete the postcard he wrote to his grandparents about his day. Use the link words (*first, after that...*).

Yesterday I...

- visited Ground Zero and the Metropolitan Museum;
- walked in Central Park;
- did some shopping;
- came back to the hotel.

Dear Gran and Granddad,
I had a super day yesterday.

See you on Saturday.

Love,
Michael

I can...

- ☐ talk about past actions
- ☐ talk about health
- ☐ use temporal connectors
- ☐ write a short report

Project Time

Now we will complete and present the project. Work in groups of four. Write a list of tips to stay healthy. Write short sentences, remember it is only a list. Use the words and the answers to the questions you wrote down before. For example:

- play a sport or exercise three times a week
- include fruits and vegetables in your diet
- drink two litres of water each day

Now you are ready to share your list with the rest of the class.

Revision

Theme: Simple Past. Regular and Irregular Verbs

1) Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets.

- Yesterday my mother _____ (go) shopping to Salta.
- I _____ (phone) my best friend last night.
- My friends _____ (begin) to study French in an institute yesterday.
- My brother _____ (fight) with a classmate at school last Friday.
- Susan _____ (work) 12 hours yesterday.
- Shakespeare _____ (write) many important plays.
- My grandmother _____ (come) to visit us two days ago.
- Lucy _____ (die) in an accident.
- My sister _____ (lose) her phone at a party.
- My parents _____ (travel) to Brazil on holiday.
- Ralf and Kevin _____ (play) video games yesterday.
- John _____ (read) five novel at school.
- My friends _____ (see) the avenger 2 three times.
- I _____ (walk) to school 5 kilometers last Friday.
- I _____ (sit) in the middle row at the cinema yesterday.
- My father _____ (build) my house in 2005.
- Tom _____ (pay) the electricity bill last Monday.
- I _____ (send) a letter to the Pope.
- Brain _____ (eat) sushi for dinner last night.
- We _____ (visit) the Buenos Aires Zoo in May.
- My mother _____ (open) the shop at 7 a.m today.
- They _____ (buy) a new PM 3 player in June.
- Lucy and Sam _____ (win) a prize in a raffle.
- Christopher Columbus _____ (discover) America.
- I _____ (have) an accident at work.
- An old man _____ (steal) a bank.

Revision

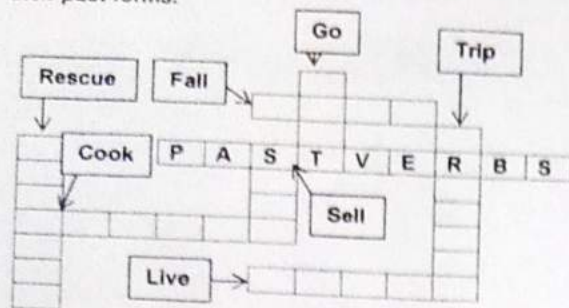
Theme: Simple Past. Regular and Irregular Verbs

1) Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets.

- We _____ (drink) coffee for breakfast today.
- Yesterday I _____ (arrive) to School at 7 a.m.
- My brother _____ (break) my play station yesterday.
- I _____ (go) to China with my friends on holiday.
- Yesterday morning we _____ (go) to the market at 9 a.m.
- Dominic _____ (stay) in a hotel in Buenos Aires.
- Susan _____ (climb) the Everest mountain in March.
- I _____ (meet) my best friend at work.
- My brothers _____ (clean) the house yesterday.
- Ralph _____ (sell) his old bicycle last week.
- They _____ (run) a marathon last week.
- We _____ (finish) our homework at 7 p.m.
- Pam _____ (start) to Study Medicine in June.
- I _____ (watch) Tv 6 hours yesterday.
- My friends _____ (to be) at a party last Saturday.
- My little sister _____ (draw) a dog in Art.
- Yesterday my friends and I _____ (study) 7 hours for our English exam.
- Five boys _____ (steal) a market yesterday.
- I _____ (work) at school for 13 years.
- I _____ (eat) popcorn and a burger at the cinema.
- Louis and Luke _____ (save) a baby from a flood.
- Eve _____ (cut) his finger while cooking.
- My brother _____ (write) a beautiful poem at school.
- I _____ (meet) my friends at the shopping last night.
- My parents _____ (cook) Barbecue today.
- My friend Tom _____ (kill) a man in a car accident.

Past Simple

1) Look at these verbs and complete the puzzle with their past forms.



2) Look at what he did and write sentences in English



Yo rescate un perro la semana pasada

Yo me fui a Jujuy en Marzo

Yo abrí mi negocio ayer a las 8

Yo mire Los Simpson ayer.

Negative Form

1) Turn into negative the sentences below.
a- I helped my mother to cook yesterday.

b- Susan got lost in the park last week.

c- Last year Peter won the lottery.

d- My father saved a cat from a dog.

e- I broke my leg in 2004.

f- We lived in Chile in 1997.

g- My house caught fire last year.

2) Order.

a- in 2012 / I / school / started

b- had lunch / He / last week / empanadas

c- in a car accident / They / four people / killed

d- four days ago / She / a new netbook / bought

f- worked / My father / for 5 years / in Cordoba

g- went to / I / Chile / in July.

3) Write these sentences in English.

Revision

1) Complete the sentences with the Past simple.

3) Turn into Spanish the sentences below

Last year she lost 34 kilos



Yesterday she cooked pizza



Last Friday He broke his leg.



He won a marathon in July



They climbed the Everest Mountain



He died in 1997



They _____ (Go) on holiday in August.



Marge _____ (trip and fall) yesterday.



He _____ (sell) ice-cream in the park last Sunday



He _____ (steal) money from his father's wallet



My mother _____ (cut) her finger yesterday.



He _____ (win) the marathon.



My father _____ (crash) into a tree.



She _____ (break) her leg at school.



4) Complete the column.

Infinitive	Past
TRIP	
GO	
HAVE	
ESCAPE	
HELP	
DIE	
ARRIVE	
DO	
RESCUE	
BUY	
WIN	
CRASH	
CATCH	
WORK	